INFORMATION LITERACY COURSE

DISCOVER, ACCESS AND USE INFORMATION EFFECTIVELY FOR YOUR RESEARCH AND ACADEMIC SUCCESS!

WHAT IS IT?

Course description

Information Literacy aims to respond to problems, errors and gaps in web information retrieval that have been identified worldwide, even among younger generations. It has been acknowledged that technology competency is distinct from information competency and therefore does not provide adequate solutions for Internet information searching complexities.

Easy and extended access to information is causing end-user overload and leading to difficulties in identifying, evaluating, selecting, locating and accessing relevant and reliable information sources that can address specific information needs.

The main objective of the Information Literacy Course is to provide students with a set of critical information skills mentioned above that have been recognized as crucial for academic achievement and life-long learning development requirements.

Key Topics

2. Evaluating information sources
3. Plagiarism, citation and referencing
4. Bibliometrics and scientific publishing

WHO CAN APPLY?

PHd students at Universidade NOVA de Lisboa

WHEN AND WHERE?

NOVA different venues.
LECTURERS AND EVALUATION

Course Coordinator
Isabel Andrade

Lecturers

1. Defining the object of information queries. Managing search tools and strategies
FCSH - Nita Camotim (nita.camotim@fcsh.unl.pt) | NSBE - Sean Story (sstory@novasbe.pt)

2. Evaluating information sources
ENSP - Isabel Andrade (isabel.andrade@ensp.unl.pt)

3. Plagiarism, citation and referencing
FCT - Ana Roxo (airr@fct.unl.pt) | FCT - Rosário Duarte (mrd@fct.unl.pt)

4. Bibliometrics and scientific publishing
ISCTE - Susana Lopes (susanlopes@gmail.com) | ISEGI - Antónia Correia (antonia.correia@isegi.unl.pt)

Evaluation

Teaching methodologies

Lectures. Group work. Tutorials.

Assessment

Besides individual input in class, students will be required to participate in individual and group exercises and presentations.

The final evaluation of students' learning will be a short final multiple-choice test.

1 ECTS | 2 + ½ days (25 hours)
MORE INFO:

Learning outcomes

1) Defining the object of information queries. Managing search tools and strategies (How to effectively search online resources) – by the end of this module:

a) Students should be aware of the diversity of information resources and be able to identify the most useful or relevant to their research field;

b) Students should also become familiar with the interfaces, tools and strategies used in information seeking being able to perform advanced searches using a variety of strategies, operators, and limiters to improve their research.

2) Evaluating information sources - by the end of this module:

a) Students should know how to examine and compare information from various sources – print or online – by applying appropriate evaluation criteria;

b) Students should be able to identify reliability, validity, accuracy, authority, timeliness, and points of view or biases among several evaluation criteria for information sources.

3) Plagiarism, citation and referencing – by the end of this module:

a) Students should be able to understand the different elements and syntax of a bibliographic reference according to the different types of sources used;

b) Students should be able to recognize the existence of several standards for bibliographic references;

c) Students should be aware of the existence of some bibliographic management software;

d) Students should be able to recognize and avoid plagiarism and get acquainted with some of the plagiarism detection software available;

e) Students should know when/why to cite a source.

4) Bibliometrics and scientific publishing - by the end of this module:

a) Students should understand the context and use of bibliometrics in higher education;

b) Students should be able to identify the main metrics used in the evaluation and assessment of research;

c) Students should be aware of the main issues and limitations associated with bibliometric analysis.

d) Students should know the publishing strategies and tools and how to improve their chances of being published.
Study Load

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activities</th>
<th>Number of hours</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lectures</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seminar</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reading / Self-study</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assessment: Multiple-choice test</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>25</strong></td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assessment tasks</th>
<th>Weighting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Multiple-choice test</td>
<td>100%</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

RECOMMENDED READING:

1. Defining the object of information queries. Managing search tools and strategies


2. Evaluating information sources


3. Plagiarism, citation and referencing


Talab R. Copyright and you: a student online plagiarism guide: detection and prevention resources (and copyright implications!). TechTrends. 2004; 48(6); 15-19.

4. Bibliometrics and scientific publishing


Hirsch JE. An index to quantify an individual’s scientific research output. PNAS. 2005; 102(46) 16569-16572.